



World Systems Unit Plan



Day	Lesson	Expectations	Activities	Resources
1	Types of World Systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> explain the origins, functions, and objectives of selected international non-governmental organizations (NGOs) (e.g., International Committee of the Red Cross/Red Crescent, Amnesty International, Greenpeace); explain the origins, functions, and objectives of international cooperation organizations (e.g., Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation [APEC], African Union [AU], World Health Organization [WHO]); describe the rights and obligations of selected international groups (e.g., UNESCO, International Monetary Fund [IMF], environmental lobby groups); evaluate the effectiveness of selected international organizations (e.g., Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries [OPEC], Non-aligned Conference, Arab League, World Bank) in meeting their stated objectives; analyse the participation of government and non-governmental organizations in the global community (e.g., in the areas of humanitarian assistance, collective security, diplomacy, technical cooperation); analyse the rise and development of non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and corporations as world powers (e.g., International Committee of the Red Cross/Red Crescent, multinational corporations such as Nike, Shell, General Motors, Microsoft, Mitsubishi). 	Non-Governmental Organizations	Internet access
2			International Alliances	Internet access
3-5			United Nations	PowerPoint projector
6			Decision Making in Different Sectors	

Day	Lesson	Expectations	Activities	Resources
7-9	International Organizations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • evaluate the nature and quality of Canada's influence within selected world and regional organizations (e.g., United Nations, International Olympic Committee, Organization of American States, Group of Eight [G-8], la Francophonie). • explain the types of commitments made by Canada to other nations or to international or extranational organizations (e.g., membership in the Commonwealth of Nations, la Francophonie, or the North Atlantic Treaty Organization; participation in the United Nations and in peacekeeping missions); • analyse the need for new international organizations as a result of globalization and the advent of new technologies (e.g., organizations for regulating extra-governmental firms, controlling drug trafficking, regulating activities in outer space). 	Humanitarian Organizations	Internet access, computer access (PowerPoint)
10-11			Canadian Influence & Commitments	
12-14			Emerging Issues	
15	Upholding Human Rights	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • explain the role of states and key agencies (e.g., U.N. Commission on Human Rights, Commission on the Status of Women) in international controversies about human rights; • evaluate the effectiveness of the actions of international organizations or states in cases of human rights violations (e.g., decisions of the International Criminal Court and International Court of Justice, Amnesty International). 	Organizations	
16			Effectiveness	
17-18	The Interpreter	•	Movie	<i>The Interpreter</i>
19	World Systems Unit Test	•	Test	